

THE CITIZEN.

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E. B. HARDENBERGH, - - PRESIDENT.

W. W. WOOD, - - MANAGER AND SEC'Y.

DIRECTORS: C. H. DORFINGER, M. B. ALLEN, HENRY WILSON, E. B. HARDENBERGH, W. W. WOOD.

THE Harrisburg authorities are finding some of the counties and townships rather slow in paying their share of the road improvement cost. The State builds the roads and pays all the money in the first instance, but under the law the counties and townships are required to reimburse the State in a certain per cent. within thirty days after the road is completed. It is stated that the delinquency now amounts to about \$500,000, which the State is going to collect if it can. So far as we know no complaint is made as to Wayne county or the townships in which road improvements have been made.

THE postal savings bank bill is confronted with a thorny path in this and the next Congress. Though it is a measure advocated in the Republican platform, there are indications that sentiment has changed on the subject. The monetary commission investigated conditions abroad, and its members are now on record as being against the government engaging in the banking business. The National Bankers' Association is strongly against the proposition, and it is claimed it would prove an expensive department for the government to maintain, costing far more than any possible revenue which could be derived from it.

ONE of the most significant developments in the last ten years has been the adoption of pension plans by more than seventy great corporations. This is one of the most tangible ways in which wage earners have profited from the recent industrial prosperity. In 1898 the pension idea was practically foreign to this country; now it is very much in the air. In that year only one railroad, the Baltimore & Ohio, systematically granted retirement allowances; since 1898, eighteen lines, representing one-third of the railway mileage of this country, have adopted automatic pension schemes. Ten years ago almost none of America's great industrial corporations regularly made provision for their old men; now the largest do so, or have at present plans under way to that end.

DR. J. C. KALBFUS deprecates the use of high power guns by hunters and claims that the result of the fall hunting season shows that he is right. He says: "I am in receipt of numerous complaints concerning dangers arising from the use of the high power guns, the arguments being that because of thick undergrowth in Pennsylvania the hunter is often not able to see game or secure a shot at a greater distance than that at which black powder would be effective, and that, therefore, the use of high power is unnecessary. While we have been to an extent relieved of danger to human life through the passage of the law compelling deer hunters to look before they shoot, there is still serious danger threatened by the use of this gun, and it should be prohibited in Pennsylvania."

"The Way of the Transgressor is Hard."

During the past week the above fact has been driven home into the hearts of some very prominent people who now wish that they had not taken the risk of wrong-doing which invariably leads to disaster.

The ex-Pennsylvania State officials who were convicted of graft in connection with furnishing the new Capitol have been sentenced to two years imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$500, together with the costs of prosecution, and now, Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, famous as labor leaders, have been sentenced to serve terms respectively of one year, nine months and six months, for contempt of court. This latter case was peculiar in its aspect as it virtually became a question as to which was the greater, the United States government or the American Federation of Labor; and Mr. Gompers, by his arbitrary and domineering methods has not only landed Messrs. Mitchell and Morrison in prison, but has placed the whole Federation, which numbers among its members many of the best citizens and workmen of the country, into, according to Justice Wright of the Supreme Court, the attitude of "public enemies." The specific offense of Mr. Gompers and the other defendants was a refusal to obey an injunction issued by Justice Gould, and of this charge, Justice Wright says: "Before the injunction was granted these men announced that neither they nor the American Federation of Labor would obey it, and not only has the law failed in its effort to arrest a widespread wrong, but the injury has grown more destructive since the injunction than it was before."

"There is a studied, determined, defiant conflict precipitated in the light of open day, between the decrees of a tribunal ordained by the government of the Federal Union, and of the tribunals of another Federation, grown up in the land; one or the other must succumb, for those who would unlawfully land are public enemies."

DR. C. R. BRADY, Dentist, Honesdale, Pa. Office hours—8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Any evening by appointment. Citizens' phone, 31. Residence, No. 28 x.

THE DIMMICK BOOM.

J. Ben Dimmick's Private Secretary Kabatchnick Speaks Right Out—Why Our Former Townsman Should be Knox's Successor.

Myer Kabatchnick, private Secretary of our former townsman, now Mayor of Scranton, J. Ben Dimmick, has been visiting the City of Brotherly Love, and reading the riot act as to Mr. Dimmick's claim to the United States Senatorship, made vacant by the promotion of Senator Knox to a cabinet position. He says of Mr. Dimmick:

"He has given to Scranton a business administration that has made our city noted among municipalities of the union. Upon the foundation of honesty and great natural ability, he has added culture and the study of governmental affairs so that in our estimation he stands head and shoulders above any man who has been suggested as Senator Knox's successor."

"Such influential papers as the Wilkes-Barre Record and all the Scranton papers, irrespective of party, have declared in his favor before the movement for him was fairly under way. In fact, it cannot be said to be under way even now."

"Just what will be done by the men who are urging his candidacy has not been decided but it will be aggressive and whole-souled; of that there is no question."

"Of course, the formal launching of his candidacy will probably be made in Scranton, but it will immediately have a wider scope than our city limits. His native county Wayne, and our neighboring counties, Luzerne, Monroe, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Carbon and Schuylkill will be invited to go along."

"This movement has back of it the union of all elements in the party in Northeastern Pennsylvania. It is inspiring because it has as its candidate a clean upright citizen of towering ability. He will be a senator of whom Pennsylvania may be proud, one who is thoroughly in accord with the Taft character and the Taft policies."

"We of the northeast have never had a United States senator to represent us. We have up there the only anthracite region in the world and a great manufacturing territory. It is time there should come representation for these elements. We feel that the western part of the state will be ably represented by the presence in the cabinet of Mr. Knox and that should satisfy it."

"We mean business. The men who are back of Mayor Dimmick are of the type that will fight harder against opposition."

WE can't quite agree with the Altoona Tribune in its idea that education is "a drawing out" instead of "a pouring in." Of course, everything depends upon what the Tribune's definition of "education" is. Webster gives us as one of the meanings of the word, "to prepare and fit for any calling or business by systematic instruction," and we well remember hearing Principal Reuben Nelson, of good old Wyoming Seminary, lay it down as a rule that, "you can't get anything out of your head that you don't put into it." But here is the Tribune's argument:

"Some of the successful men of the day never had many advantages, either in the way of education or social surroundings. But that is nothing against education. All the moral one can extract from such circumstances is that no system in the world will make a successful man out of one who has no ability. It is quite sure that education is a drawing out, not a pouring in. You cannot teach a man anything who lacks the capacity. On the other hand, it is very difficult to keep down one who has the root of the matter in him. If he have native intelligence he will get the education somehow."

OBITUARY.

William V. Dolph, a brother of John N. Dolph, formerly principal of the Honesdale Schools, now Superintendent of the Port Jervis Schools, died at his home in Montour Falls, Schuylkill Co., N. Y., Tuesday morning, Dec. 22, 1908, after a protracted illness, in the 72d year of his age. Mr. Dolph had been postmaster of Montour Falls for eight years, and County Justice of Sessions for many years. He visited Honesdale on two or three occasions while Prof. Dolph was located here.

"Paid in Full."

Walter P. Eaton, the well known writer on the New York Morning Sun, says of Eugene Walter's play, "Paid in Full," which has been the dramatic sensation of both Chicago and New York, playing for five months in the former city and now being in its second year in the eastern metropolis:

"Not since the watcher sat silent upon a chair in the Princess Theatre two years ago, and saw 'The Great Divide' swim into his ken, has the weary yet hopeful theatergoer experienced that thrill of discovery felt by everybody at the Astor Theatre last evening."

"Paid in Full" was the play; Eugene Walter, the author. It is not quite his first play, but it is the first to reach Broadway, for reasons that are too saddening to discuss now. Hence for the audience last night there was joy in the discovery. Eugene Walter's future work will be awaited with interest and watched with attention. He has decisively joined the too small band of intelligent playwrights."

In telling his story Mr. Walter has employed successfully the devices of comedy, of racy speech, of modern realism. The men who accepted and produced this drama are heartily to be congratulated."

"Paid in Full" will be seen at the Lyric at an early date. The same company that is playing in Philadelphia this week, will be seen here.

Holland's way of getting at Venezuela with "a word and a blow" was the regulation one, but with a guerrilla attachment. The blow led off.

John Milton undoubtedly was somebody in the era following 1808, but he made the mistake of his life by failing to launch football or invent golf.

It may comfort the kaiser during his convalescence to reflect that all the world knows there are "jags" which do not come on by the glassful.

Boom in demand for recipes for getting freckled was noted the instant somebody announced that kissing removes freckles.

After the kaiser and Tom Johnson have confessed to going broke on the eve of the holidays the average man will have courage to put up a stronger bluff than ever.

Of course Germany favors our ultimatum that China's door remain open, because therein lies the kaiser's only chance now to get away from home occasionally.

It is easier to find "a needle in a haystack" than an eligible in Uncle Sam's bunch who didn't know that it was leap year until too late.

Managers of Poe centennial celebrations will do something unique if they bring out an American man or woman who enjoyed even a common school education and never recited "The Raven" or "The Bells."

The misluster who recently doubled the attendance at his church by displaying advertising in the newspapers evidently believes, with Wesley, that Satan shouldn't be given a monopoly of the best means for reaching the heart of the busy world. But the question has its practical side. People will consult the papers to find out what is going on around them, and the church that is willing to challenge criticism by advertising may be supposed to offer something worth while.

A Double Barreled Torpedo.

One of our naval commanders has invented a torpedo which may do more mischief to an enemy's battleship than one of those "all big gun" dreadnoughts we are launching. This new torpedo shoots twice, so to speak—that is, it makes two holes instead of one in the target. Theoretically the old torpedo would rip a hole in the side of a warship and let in water enough to sink her. As a rule, however, torpedoes have kept aloft until the repair shop made them as good as ever.

The shell of a big gun will do more damage to a warship than any torpedo, provided it explodes inside the vessel, say in the engine room or magazine. But a shell may pass through a vessel, leaving only two small holes and a few wrecked things in its wake. The torpedo which becomes the exclusive property of the United States because an officer in service devised it, will smash a big hole in the armor where it strikes and at the same time project a shell carrying a fuse timed to explode it at any desired distance inside. Unfortunately this government cannot monopolize the genius of the world, and if war comes to us the enemy may have some contrivance that will sink a battleship as effectually as our double acting torpedo.

The Year's Happenings Abroad.

In the old world the pessimist has been forced to swallow disappointment throughout 1908. England was at one time believed to be facing an irruption of socialism, but the ministry sidestepped the crisis by an old age pension. In Persia the year opened with a clash between the shah and parliament. After some "shooting up" on both sides the masses sustained the shah, who promised to be good. What appeared to be a formidable revolution in Portugal led to the assassination of the king and crown prince in February, but an appeal to the people found the nation zealous in support of the old regime. A real rebellion placed the pretender, Mulai Hadd, on the throne of Morocco. Having gained his prestige as a fanatic and leader of fanatics, it was supposed that the presence of European police must be ended or a "holy war" for the extermination of foreigners would ensue. But the usurping ruler promptly guaranteed all the rights claimed by outsiders.

When the Turkish constitution of 1876 was restored in July the act was believed to be a concession to reformers which would spur them to further aggression. The most important result was the loss to Turkey of the vassal Balkan states of Bulgaria and Roumelia and the nominally Turkish provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Whether Turkey will now be decent and the Balkans quiet are questions yet to be answered. Taking the world over, there have been many situations which would have provoked war had the so called fighting nations been ready for a scrap. That collision was avoided augurs well for peace, at least until some power feels strong enough to thrash one of its size.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE.

White Mills.

Dec. 23d.—Much credit is due the Committee who so ably conducted the bazaar held for the benefit of the St. Joseph's church at White Mills. All the booths were tastefully decorated and the "Round House" put up an appearance of splendor. Prizes were won as follows: J. A. Wells, a beautiful fern jar; Leo Driscoll, silk quilt; Mrs. MacIntyre, door prize of a silk umbrella; John J. Boyle, ton of coal; John Hellman, doll; Charles Burger, a beautiful dressed doll. The bazaar proved a success in every way, realizing \$134.76.

Miss Rose Sonner was a visitor at White Mills on Wednesday last.

Anthony Gill is home from the East Stroudsburg State Normal school, to spend the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gill.

A sleighload of a merry party of White Mills left Saturday evening for Honesdale, arriving at the home of Edward Kelch, on River street, after a delightful ride. The visit was a total surprise to Mr. and Mrs. Kelch. Dancing, games and other amusements were indulged in, after which a delicious lunch was served. The party comprised the following gentlemen with their wives: John Tuman, Edward Haden, Monroe Austin, Larry Weidner, Wm. Christ, Fred. Weiner, Fred. Wagner, F. T. Hunkle, Anthony Rickert, and Wm. Weber, of White Mills, and Edward Hartung, of Honesdale.

Edward Tuman, formerly of New Bedford, Mass., but lately of Brooklyn, N. Y., is home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Tuman, suffering from quinsy.

Good sleighing here and weather just right to keep it so. Many are enjoying it.

Mrs. Eugene Dorfinger left Tuesday for Cleveland, Ohio, where she will attend the funeral of her uncle.

Frank Smith is home from Greenpoint sick, and is confined to his bed.

Emmet Hurley left Tuesday to go to Dr. Thompson's Hospital at Scranton, to be again operated on, having a relapse of his former trouble.

The Athletic Club of White Mills will give a masquerade ball on Saturday, Dec. 26th, at I. O. H. hall. A free bus will be run from Honesdale, leaving Rickard's livery stable at 7:30 p. m. Rev. W. L. Hopp, pastor of St. John's German Lutheran church, of Honesdale, conducted church service at the school house here, which was well attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Mallett, of Carbondale, are visiting his mother, Mrs. Jennie Mallett.

The Modern Woodmen of America postponed their regular meeting until Jan. 5th, when there will be an installation of officers, followed by a banquet.

Hawley.

Dec. 23d.—Mrs. Solomon Miller spent a few days in New York city last week. Frank Creedon and wife, of Albany, N. Y., were guests of the Misses Harrison, on lower Main avenue, last week.

John Thielke has accepted a position with the Dexter-Lambert Co., in the Bellmonte mill of this place.

Charles Krauss, a student at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, is home for the holidays.

Miss Grace Male, a teacher in the High school at Cornwall, N. Y., is spending the Christmas vacation with her parents, on the East side.

Warren Murphy, of State College, is home with his parents for the holidays. Eilly Bea spent Sunday with friends in New York city.

George Williams and Miss Anna Wallace were visitors to the Electric City, Wednesday.

Russell Wall, a student at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, is spending his vacation with his parents on Penn. avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bried, of Englewood, N. J., are guests at the home of Mrs. Bried's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Murray, on Church street.

Miss Elizabeth M. Male, of Philadelphia, is home on her vacation.

Thomas Gaffney, of New York city, is spending a few days with his parents, on the East side.

Samuel Miller and Fred. Lobb, students at Baltimore Medical College, Baltimore, Md., are home on two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. Wm. Eberding, of the Eddy, died Monday night after a brief illness. The funeral was held from St. Philomena's church, Wednesday afternoon.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Christmas music will be repeated at Grace Episcopal church Sunday, at 10:30 A. M.

Grace Church Sunday School will hold its Christmas service on Sunday evening, Dec. 27th, at seven o'clock, consisting of shortened evening service, carols by the school, and addresses by the Rector. All will be welcome at the service.

The time of holding the Indian Orchard Sunday school has been changed to 1:45 P. M.

The revival meetings in the M. E. church, Bethany, will be continued this week. The Lord is greatly blessing the work. Come and hear Mrs. Larkin sing and speak.

LAND POISONING.

Something Needed to Destroy Toxins Secretion of Roots.

No one knows so well as the practical farmer how rapidly a naturally fertile soil may be exhausted by cultivation. In this country the tobacco lands of Virginia afford an example of this rapid decline in fertility. The abandoned New England farms, too, help to illustrate the effects produced by the constant cultivation of the same fields. Land that once yielded crops as if by magic now requires an artificial preparation before it will reward the farmer for his strenuous labor in the field.

Sir Oliver Lodge, the eminent English scientist, is reported to have expressed his belief in the theory of the poisoning of the cultivated lands of the world. The advocates of this theory believe that the systematic rotation of crops is needless. They believe that it is impossible to exhaust the ground by a crop, as the food supplies in the soil are too great to admit of such a result. Other causes, therefore, must underlie the failure of a crop in what was once fertile soil, and, according to the believers in the theory, this failure is due to root poisoning. According to the poisoning theory, a crop does not do so well when it immediately succeeds another of the same sort because it excretes an active poison which is destructive of its own germs. Artificial manures are recommended not so much as a food for the plant as a remedy against these root poisons.

Very thorough investigations have, however, recently been carried out at Rothamsted, perhaps the most efficient scientific farm in the world, which tend to show that adherents of the poisoning theory have not yet succeeded in fully proving their case. If this theory be true manures in the true sense will no longer be necessary, but something to destroy the poisons excreted by the plants will serve a more useful purpose. As the root poison is admitted to exist in small quantities only, the treatment of land by any new process looking to this end should be much cheaper than under the present system of fertilization.

Thoughtless Man.

The car was packed. She took my seat. Next moment married her face so sweet! I had forgot to thank her.

—Catholic Standard and Times.

A Bad Break.

Mrs. Myles—I must be going now. I suppose you will see me to the door?

Mrs. Styles—Why, with pleasure.

Yonkers Statesman.

"My Dixie Girl."

A play that appeals to all classes of theatre-goers is the beautiful comedy drama, "My Dixie Girl," which will be the attraction at the Lyric on Christmas, Friday, Dec. 25th, matinee and night. Dixie, around whom the interest centers, is a dashing hoydenish girl, who gains the sympathy of the audience from the start. She makes everybody about her father's plantation subservient to her will, through kindness, and is continually upsetting the dignity of her dear old daddy. The company representing "My Dixie Girl" comprises a number of well-known players and singers who, during the performance, introduce endless musical specialties.

MENNER & Co. will close out a lot of single suits for Ladies and Misses at less than cost. 4167

The D. & H. Summer Paradise Directory.

All persons desiring to entertain summer boarders at resorts on or adjacent to the Delaware and Hudson rail and lake steamer lines now have opportunity to secure free representation in the 1909 edition of the D. & H. Summer Hotel and Boarding-House Directory by sending at once to the General Office of the Company information as follows: Name of house, name of manager, Post-office address, name of nearest D. & H. R. R. station, distance from station, how reached, number of guests that can be accommodated, terms per week, per day, date of opening and closing house, improvements, facilities for sport, etc., etc. This will be inserted (three or four lines) in the new edition without charge. Wherean illustrations desired, a nominal rate of \$15.00 for a full-page or \$7.50 for half-page advertisement is made to cover cost of the extra space required. As the book goes to press next month, all interested should lose no time in forwarding the information to Mr. A. A. Heard, Gen. Passenger Agent, Albany, N. Y., or to the nearest D. & H. ticket agent, from whom blanks and contracts may be obtained. 45601f.



WHEN THE ENGINE COMES

is no time to be regretting your neglect to get insured. A little care beforehand is worth more than any amount of regret.

KRAFT & CONGER.

General Insurance Agents

HONESDALE, PA.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, NOV. 27, 1908.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Loans and Discounts | \$ 248,028 29 |
| Overdrafts, secured and unsecured | 24 80 |
| U. S. Bonds | 55,000 00 |
| Premiums on U. S. Bonds | 2,900 00 |
| Bonds, securities, etc. | 1,201,000 34 |
| Bank-note-house, furniture and fixtures | 40,000 00 |
| Due from National Banks (not Reserve Assets) | 3,300 00 |
| Due from State Banks and Banks | 353 05 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 14,444 51 |
| Checks and other cash items | 2,410 38 |
| Notes of other National Banks | 400 00 |
| Fractional reserve currency, notes and coins | 215 78 |
| Lawful Money Reserve in Bank | |
| Specie | \$99,236 50 |
| Legal tenders | 99 99 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, 6 per cent. of circulation | 2,750 00 |
| Due from U. S. Treasury, other than redemption fund | 800 00 |
| Total | \$1,801,418 02 |

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Capital stock paid in | \$ 150,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 150,000 00 |
| Undivided profits, less reserve and taxes paid | 82,432 72 |
| National bank notes outstanding | 51,100 00 |
| State bank notes outstanding | 300 00 |
| Due to other National Banks | 120 11 |
| Due to State Banks and Banks | 78 07 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 4,430 42 |
| Demand certificates of deposit | 25,100 00 |
| Certified checks on hand | 189 94 |
| Cashier's checks outstanding | 815 56 |
| Bonds borrowed | 1,462,338 92 |
| Notes and bills rediscounted | None |
| Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed | None |
| Liabilities other than those above stated | None |
| Total | \$1,801,418 02 |

State of Pennsylvania, County of Wayne, ss. I, Edwin F. Torrey, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of Dec., 1908.

Correct—attest: R. A. SMITH, N. P.

H. J. RESSLER, } Directors
LOUIS J. DORFINGER, }
H. T. MENNER, }

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.—In compliance with an Act of Assembly and in accordance with Article 5 of the Constitution of the Wayne County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of said company will be held in the Post Office building, Honesdale, Pa., on MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1909, at 10 a. m.

for the transaction of general business, and that an election will be held at the same place of meeting, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m. of said day, for the election of twelve members of said company to serve as directors for the ensuing year. Every person isured in the company is a member thereof, and entitled to one vote.

PERRY A. CLARK, Sec'y.

Honesdale, Pa., Dec. 2, 1908. 3914

THIRICE-A-WEEK WORLD.

The Greatest Newspaper of its Type.

IT ALWAYS TELLS THE NEWS AS IT IS, PROMPTLY AND FULLY.

Read in Every English Speaking Country

It has invariably been the great effort of the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World to publish the news impartially in order that it may be an accurate reporter of what has happened. It tells the truth irrespective of party, and for that reason it has achieved a position with the public, unique among papers of its kind.

If you want the news as it really is, subscribe to the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World, which comes to you every other day except Sunday, and is thus practically a daily at the price of a Sunday paper.

THE THIRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 24 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE CITIZEN together for one year for \$2.00.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale, Pa., on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1908, at 11 A. M.

All of defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, to wit:

All those certain pieces, parcels or tracts of land situated in the township of Damascus, county of Wayne, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

THE FIRST BEGINNING at a heap of stones the west corner of a lot in the position of Raymond Tyler; thence along said Tyler's line south forty-five degrees east forty-eight perches to stake and stones; thence along the line of land belonging to Jephtha Kellam south forty-five degrees west eighty-three and one-half perches; thence north forty-five degrees west sixty-four perches to stake and stones; thence north forty-five degrees east eighty-three and one-half perches to place of beginning. CONTAINING twenty-five acres, more or less.

THE SECOND BEGINNING at stake and stones in the line of David Skinner's land; thence south forty-five degrees east eighty perches in line of Jephtha Kellam; thence north forty-five degrees east fifty perches to beech tree; thence north forty-five degrees west eighty perches to hemlock stump in line of David Skinner; thence by said line south forty-five degrees west eighty perches to place of beginning. CONTAINING twenty-five acres, more or less.

THE THIRD BEGINNING at stones corner of lot conveyed to Hornbeck & Keator on line of Jephtha Kellam's land; thence north forty-five degrees east one hundred and sixty-two and two-tenths perches to stones by hemlock on Raymond Tyler's line; thence along the same line and line of Jephtha Kellam's south forty-three degrees west eighty-five perches to the place of beginning. CONTAINING one hundred and eight acres and one hundred and eleven perches, strict measure, more or less. Being same land which Jackson Chadwick conveyed to Leon Williams by deed dated and recorded in Deed Book No. 1 page 10. Excepting and reserving ninety acres more or less, sold to Lucas Baker by Jackson Chadwick.

On said property is a two-story frame house, one frame barn, one shed, two fine apple orchards, and nearly all improved land.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Leon Williams at the suit of Jackson Chadwick. No. 92 October Term, 1908. Judgment, \$2,800.00; real debt \$1,400; amount to be collected, \$500, with 5 per cent. collection fee.

Mumford, Attorney.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

WM. B. ROADKIND, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Honesdale